



Gender related differences in snow sports as a potential of alpine destinations

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Agenda







Introduction

Challenging Factors of Alpine Destinations:

- Increasing competition, climate change, unreliable snowfall etc.
- Adaptation of products / services to the requirements of target groups in order to differentiate.

Women are decision makers:

- Women exert influence on the whole decision-making process within the buying cluster "family".
- It is assumed that women are an interesting target group for the snow sport industry.





Analysis of **gender-related differences** with reference to the perception / evaluation of snow sports is crucial in order to react with **appropriate** measures.

Source: Boon, 1984; Hall, 2012





Research Aim & Questions

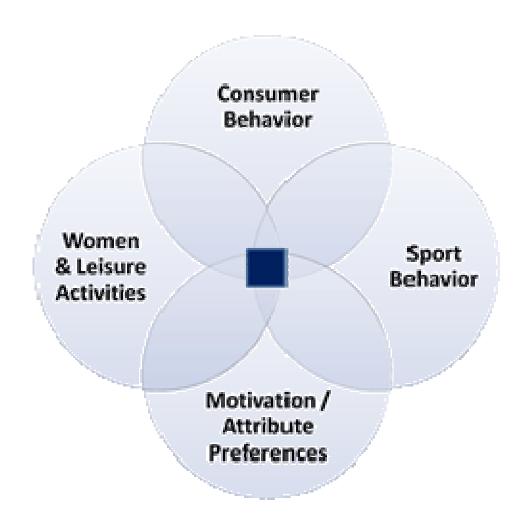
The present study sets out to identify gender related differences in snow sports aiming to derive specific measures and offers which could be incorporated by alpine destinations.

- Are there gender-related differences in perceiving and practicing snow sports regarding the snow sport biography of women?
- What are gender-related expectations with regard to snow sports and which aspects do women prioritize?
- How could an alpine ski destination meet these expectations?





Theoretical Background







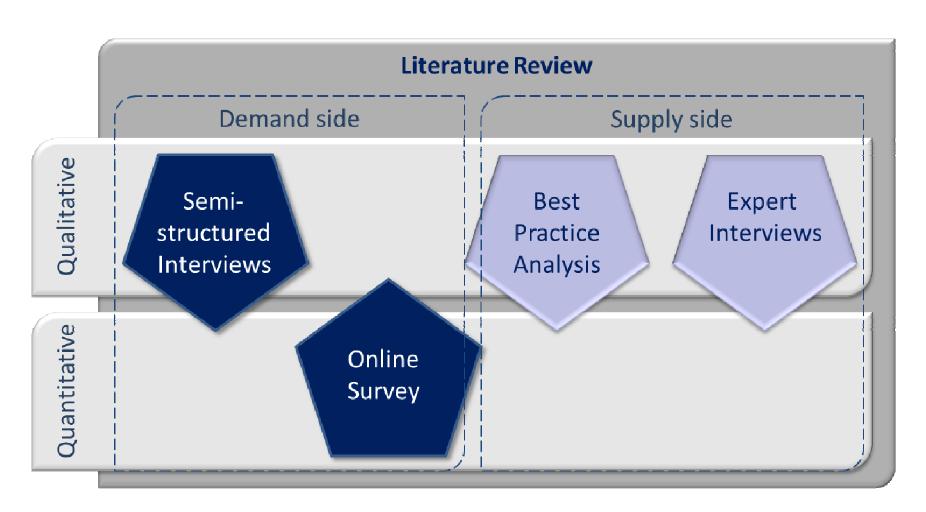
Literature Review

- Most research has been undertaken with regard to examining gender related differences in sports and vacation preferences in general as well as in skiing constraints.
- Motivational differences between men and women in snow sports are little discussed in academic research and dated.
- Based on the identified research gap, this study investigates motivation factors and attribute preferences of women participating in snow sport activities.
- Object: Specific alpine ski destination in Switzerland.





Methodology



Data Collection Methods, own illustration





Findings I Snow Sport Development and Profile of Skiers

- There is a **growing amount** of participants in outdoor sports, respectively snow sports. **Reasons**: Increasing possibilities, megatrends: health, fitness and body awareness.
- For the majority (69%) traditional skiing is their main sport activity.
- Survey participants are **6-10 times on the slopes** (30%), **36-45** years of age (28%) and mainly in company of friends and colleagues (54%).





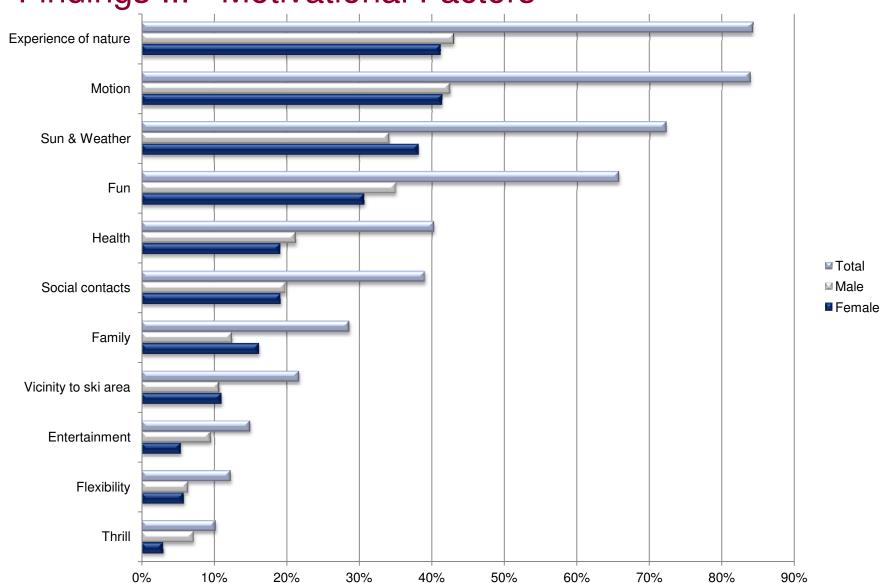
Findings II Snow Sport Biography

- 48% of the respondents started their snow sport career **before they turned five.** Share of women starting after the **age of 25** is larger then the share of men.
- Main reason for starting snow sports: parents (68%). Share of women who learned to ski due to and with their partner is higher then the share of men.
- Main reason to stop: accident, injuries, health or family issues. Females majorly are afraid of speed and falling (injury).





Findings III - Motivational Factors







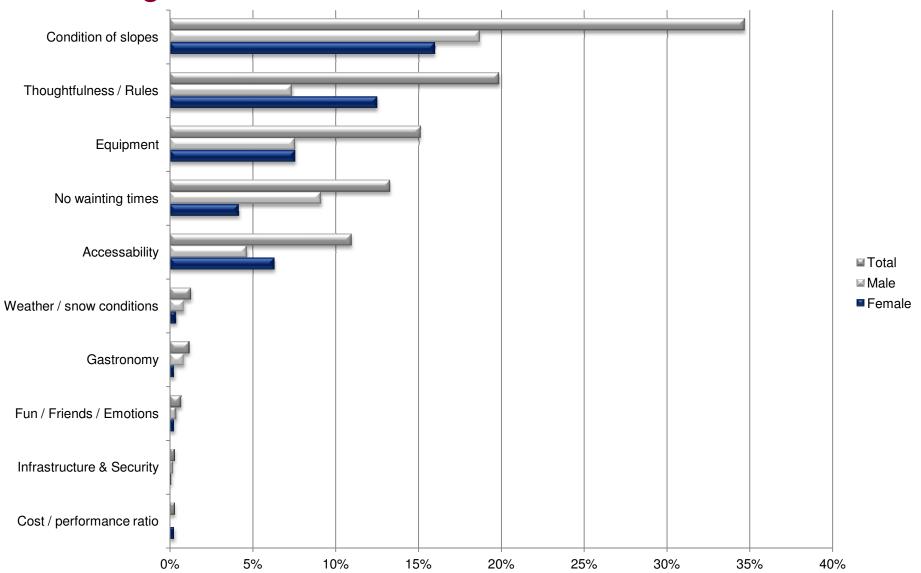
Findings III - Motivational Factors

- «Family» is a stronger motive for women than for men but social contacts are of equal importance for both men and women.
- Women are more interested in **cosy atmospheres** to socialize, men indicated they prefer events like **après-ski** for coming together.
- Crowded slopes (66%), increasing prices (51%) and weather conditions (48%) are main reasons why people do not participate in snow sports.
- Only 3% of the respondents indicated **velocity** as a deterrent for practicing snow sports; the share of females is larger.





Findings IV - Attribute Preference







Findings IV Attribute Preference

Ski Area	Relation of price and performance. No gender related differences.
Journey / Arrival	 Parking options / easy accessibility to ski lifts and slopes. Accessibility is more important for females than for males. Facilities designed to reduce hassle including carrying of equipment are of greater concern to women. All attributes connected to the journey and arrival, are more important to female respondents.
Infrastructure	 The maintenance of lifts / the condition of slopes. These safety attributes are more important for women.
Gastronomy	 Relation of price and performance. No gender related differences.
Entertainment	Rated very low. Slightly more important for men than for women.
Equipment	 Functionality, style/fashion and safety are vital aspects for females. These aspects are more important to women, brands are more important for men.





Findings V Destination Choice

- **Prime reasons** why people have chosen the specific ski area: vicinity to residence (76%) and relation of price and performance (44%).
- For women the relation to family is a stronger reason than the variety in the destination and the attractiveness of slopes.





Conclusion

- There are gender-related differences in perceiving and practicing snow sports. However, the differences are mostly not significant.
- Main motivations: enjoyment, relaxation, experience, socializing with family, emotions, landscape and motion/fitness/health.
- Attributes: thoughtfulness on the slopes, easy and quick accessibility to lifts and safety regarding slopes and equipment.





Recommendations & Limitations

- Packages and measures that cover a range of female specific attributes have been recommended to the specific destination.
- Attributes are not prioritized in the same way by all women.
- Offers or measures should not offend other target groups.
 Thus, they should not all been labelled "female".
- Study confirms results from previous research and contributes
 new aspects with respect to attribute preferences in snow sports.
 Solely single sections could either be confirmed or expanded.
- The snow sport industry gets an idea, what they should emphasize when addressing the female clientele.





Thank you very much for your attention.

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